What’s the best and worst thing about growing up in Wales?

Young people think the best thing about living in Wales is the scenery and the worst thing is the weather.

“It’s always raining”

“Being stereotyped”

What’s the best thing about living in Wales?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Scenery</td>
<td>24.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Civic values and politics</td>
<td>15.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sport</td>
<td>9.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language and culture</td>
<td>8.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>People and community</td>
<td>5.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Welsh identity</td>
<td>2.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

What’s the worst thing about living in Wales?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Weather</td>
<td>42%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lack of facilities</td>
<td>27%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language issues</td>
<td>16.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isolation</td>
<td>14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lack of opportunities</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stereotyping</td>
<td>7.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nothing</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Welsh policies</td>
<td>3.7%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
A future in Wales?

Young people are uncertain whether they have a future in Wales.

Concerns over whether they will be able to stay in Wales to do the job they want increase as they get older.

“I think I will have to leave Wales to do the job I want”

22.5% 30.1% 33.3%
12-year-olds 15-year-olds 17-year-olds

“It’s not as advanced as other European countries”

“I feel that Wales may not be able to provide a job in my interests following further education”

“You don’t get much opportunities in Wales”

“It is a nowhere sort of place”
Young people want greater opportunities for political participation.

Young people rely on social media and family or friends for information on current affairs.

Young people have better knowledge of UK politics than Welsh politics.

When asked whether the voting age should be lowered to 16, 66.3% said “yes” and 22.7% said “no”.

% Interest in different types of politics (13 to 18-year-olds)

- Local: 13%
- Welsh: 16.6%
- UK: 28.5%
- World: 29.8%

Young people are more interested in UK and world politics than local and Welsh politics.
Do school councils make a difference?

The main issues raised in councils relate to uniform and facilities.

Young people want more say over subject choice, however they may not raise this in councils as they don’t think their remit includes the curriculum.

Only 16% thought the school council made a difference to what happens in school.

“I would have a school council where the school actually listens to what they have to say and where we are taken seriously in our suggestions”
Young people’s views on the Welsh language

An equal percentage of young people (10%) named the Welsh language as a positive and negative thing about living in Wales.

What’s the best thing about living in Wales?

- “You get a huge opportunity to become bilingual”
- “Having our own language”

What’s the worst thing about living in Wales?

- “Being forced to learn Welsh”
- “Being forced to speak English, eg. in a restaurant, shop”
The unhappiness of girls

15-year-old girls are significantly less happy about themselves than 15-year-old boys.

Girls were much more likely to have felt miserable or unhappy in the previous two weeks, to have cried a lot in the previous two weeks, to be unhappy about the way they look and unhappy with their 'life as a whole'.
How would you describe your school?

Younger pupils in secondary schools are more likely to use positive terms to describe their schools than the older pupils.

As pupils progress through secondary school they are less likely to believe that teachers listen to them and that their views are taken seriously. However, those who enter sixth forms feel they are far more listened to.
What subjects do pupils like the most?

Science is the most popular core subject, Maths is the least popular.

Of the four core subjects studied at secondary school, 45% of 13-year-olds like Science ‘a lot’. However, while 25% do not like Maths ‘at all’, 36% still ‘like it a lot’. To some extent, this reflects gender differences. Boys were more likely to like Maths, and girls were more likely than boys to not like it at all.

Core subjects ‘liked a lot’ or ‘not at all’ by Year 8 pupils
Sleepless in school?

A third of young people said they “almost always” go to school feeling tired.

25% of pupils have fewer than eight hours in bed.

28% of 14 to 15-year-olds reported that they went to bed around or after midnight.

Over a third of young people reported waking up during the night to send or check messages via social media.

The most common bedtime for 12 to 13-year-olds is around 10pm and for 13 to 14-year-olds it’s nearly an hour later at 11pm.
Excluded from the classroom

Over 40% of pupils have been asked to leave the classroom or go home early by their teachers.

32% of young people thought it was fair that they were asked to leave, but 36% did not.

Young people generally supported the policy of removing disruptive students from the classroom, though they did not support school exclusion and nearly half thought they needed someone to talk to about their problems.

Reasons for exclusion

“For playing around”

“Because I was late”

“I kept talking and ended up swearing”

“Because the teachers hate me”

“Arguing over my rights”

“Chewing gum”