

Cover the Cost: The impact of local housing allowance (LHA) policy on homelessness in Wales and England

l Gyda'n gilydd byddwn yn rhoi terfyn ar ddigartrefedd Together we will end homelessness

Policy context

Changes to LHA rates in the last decade

2008 - 2010

LHA rates were introduced and set to cover the cheapest 50% of local market rents

2015

then further reduced and only increased by 1%

2011

The rates were reduced to cover the cheapest 30% of local market rents

2016

LHA rates were legislated to be frozen for four years

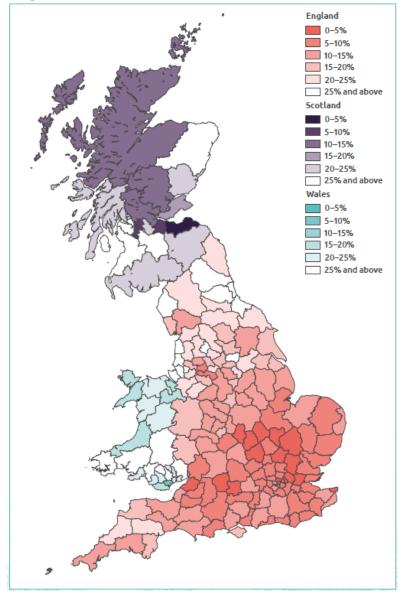
2013 - 2014

The link to market rents and LHA was broken. LHA was increased by CPI

2020 - ?

A decision on what to do with LHA rates must be made before April 2020

Adequacy of financial support for private rents



In more than 9 out of 10 areas across Great Britain, private rent homes are unaffordable for single young people, couples, or small families needing housing benefit.

In these areas fewer than 1 in 5 homes can be found within housing benefit rates.

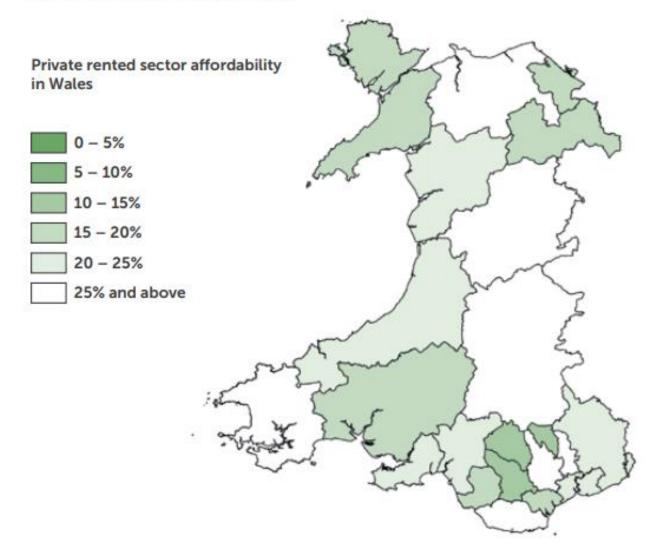
The impact of the changes in Wales

LHA rates applicable from April 2019 – shortfall for households

The weekly shortfall for couples needing LHA for a one-bed in the following BMRAs:

- Cardiff £11.51
- North West Wales £8.59
- Caerphilly £9.71
- Flintshire £10.69
- Swansea £9.53

Figure 1.4 Percentage of the private rented sector that couples needi a one-bedroom property could afford in Wales within Local Housing Allowance rates for 2018/19

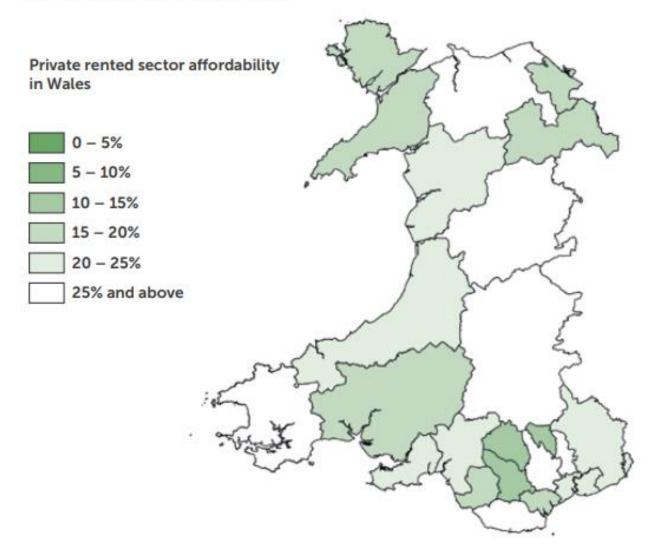


LHA rates applicable from April 2019 – shortfall for households

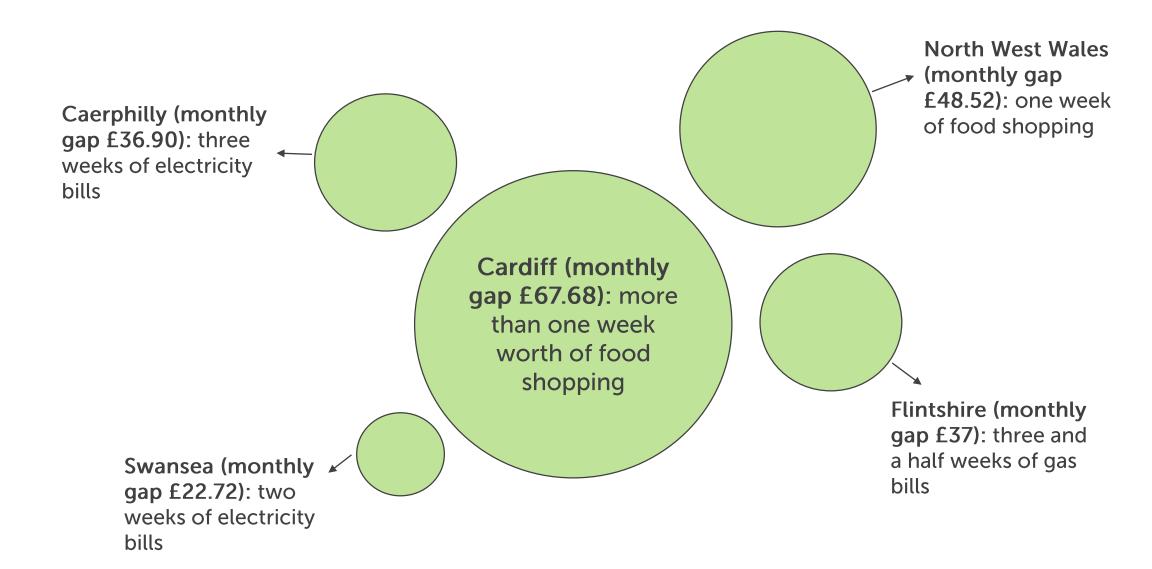
The weekly shortfall for small families needing LHA for a two-bed in the following BMRAs:

- Cardiff £16.92
- North West Wales £12.13
- Caerphilly £9.20
- Flintshire £9.25
- Swansea £5.68

Figure 1.4 Percentage of the private rented sector that couples needi a one-bedroom property could afford in Wales within Local Housing Allowance rates for 2018/19



What is the gap between rents and 2019/2020 LHA rates worth to small families in Wales?

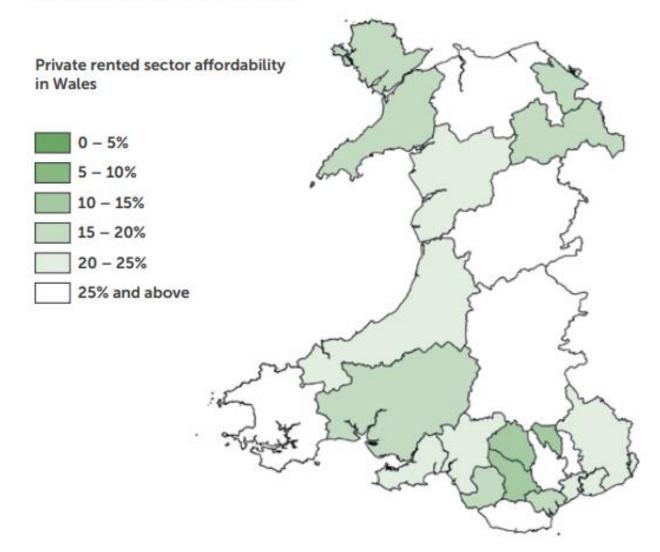


SAR applicable from April 2019 – shortfall for households

The weekly shortfall for those claiming SAR in the following BMRAs:

- Cardiff £5.21
- North West Wales £14.95
- Caerphilly £22.95
- Flintshire £28.03
- Swansea £3.44

Figure 1.4 Percentage of the private rented sector that couples nee a one-bedroom property could afford in Wales within Local Housin Allowance rates for 2018/19



Source: Crisis and CIH analysis using Rent Officers Wales data.

The impact on homelessness services in Wales

The Cover the Cost campaign



Alma Economics research: cost benefit analysis

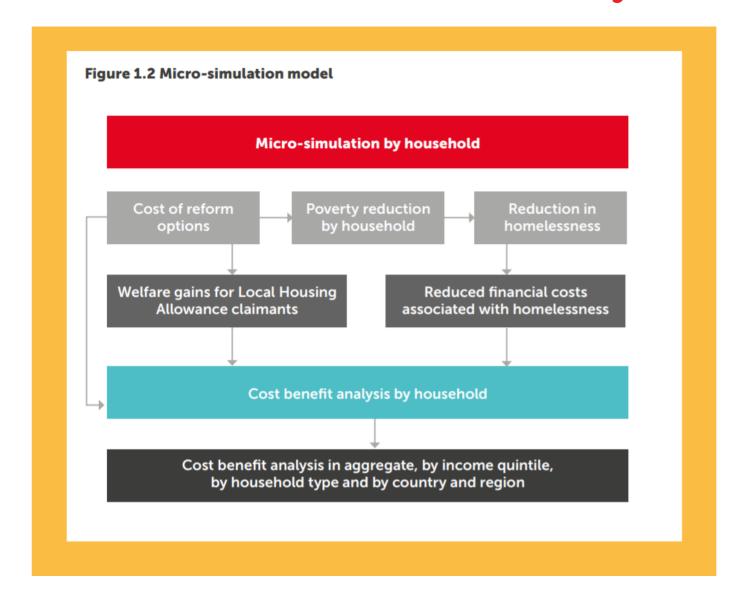


Figure 1.4 The costs and benefits of restoring and maintaining Local Housing Allowance rates at the 30th percentile from 2020/21 to 2022/23

Overall cost to the Government over three years: £3.3 billion Households lifted out of poverty: Households prevented from more than 32,000 homelessness: more than 6,000 Welfare gains from preventing Financial savings from reduced homelessness (including homelessness (including reduced need for homelessness reduced need for temporary services and services related to accommodation): £124 million homelessness): £5.5 billion

Net benefits (financial savings and welfare gains minus costs to Government) over three years: £2.1 billion

Table 1.5 Net benefit by country and English region of restoring Local Housing Allowance to the 30th percentile from 2020/21 to 2022/23

Country or English region	Total benefit (financial savings and welfare gain) to the area
Scotland	£110 million
Wales	£70 million
North East	£59 million
East of England	£141 million
South West	£180 million
East Midlands	£171 million
Yorkshire and the Humber	£150 million
West Midlands	£252 million
North West	£256 million
South East	£435 million
London	£640 million





Thank you

